

A 10x10 grid of black squares. The first row has a white square at column 0 and a black square at column 9. The second row has white squares at column 0 and column 9. All other squares are black.

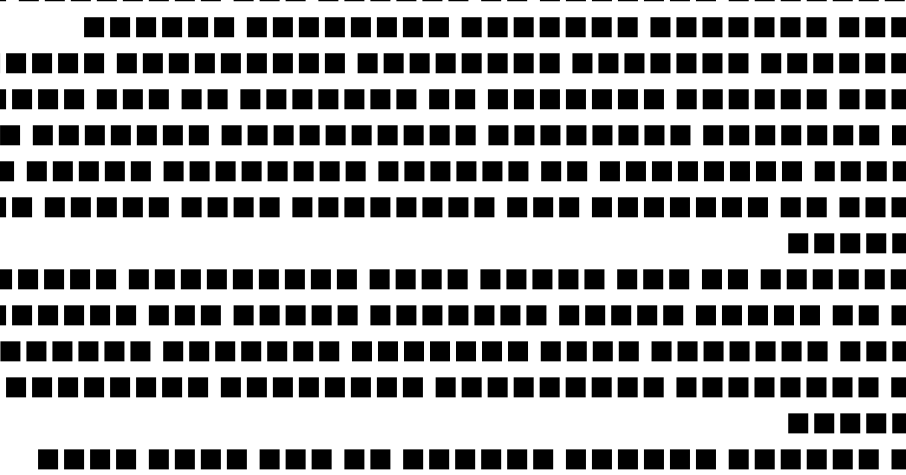
[illegible][illegible][illegible]

THE **WORLD'S** **LARGEST** **AND** **MOST** **INFLUENTIAL** **TECHNOLOGY** **CONFERENCE**

(WHO PQS)

[illegible]

A 15x15 grid of black squares. The following positions (row, column) are white squares: (3,10), (10,10), (10,13), (13,10), and (13,13). All other positions are black squares.

[illegible][illegible]

1. The first step in the process is to identify the goods and services that are being imported or exported. This involves obtaining a bill of lading and a commercial invoice from the shipping company. The bill of lading is a document that describes the goods and services being shipped, and the commercial invoice is a document that describes the value of the goods and services.

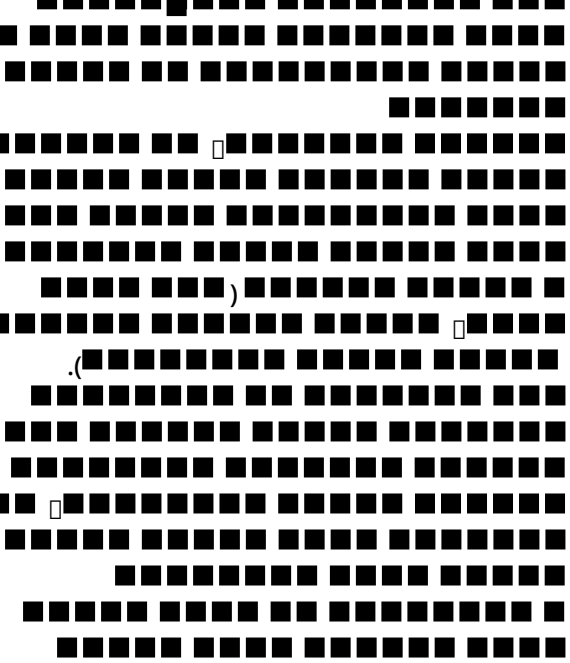
HS Code: 8471.30.00

2. The second step is to determine the applicable tariff rate. This is done by consulting the Harmonized System (HS) code for the goods and services being imported or exported. The HS code is a six-digit code that is used to classify goods and services for tariff purposes.

3. The third step is to complete the necessary paperwork. This includes filling out the Customs Declaration Form (CDF) and the Import and Export Declaration Form (IEDF). The CDF is a document that describes the goods and services being imported or exported, and the IEDF is a document that describes the value of the goods and services. The fourth step is to pay the applicable duties and taxes. This is done by submitting a payment order to the customs authority. The fifth step is to receive the goods and services from the shipping company. This involves obtaining a bill of lading and a commercial invoice from the shipping company. The bill of lading is a document that describes the goods and services being shipped, and the commercial invoice is a document that describes the value of the goods and services.

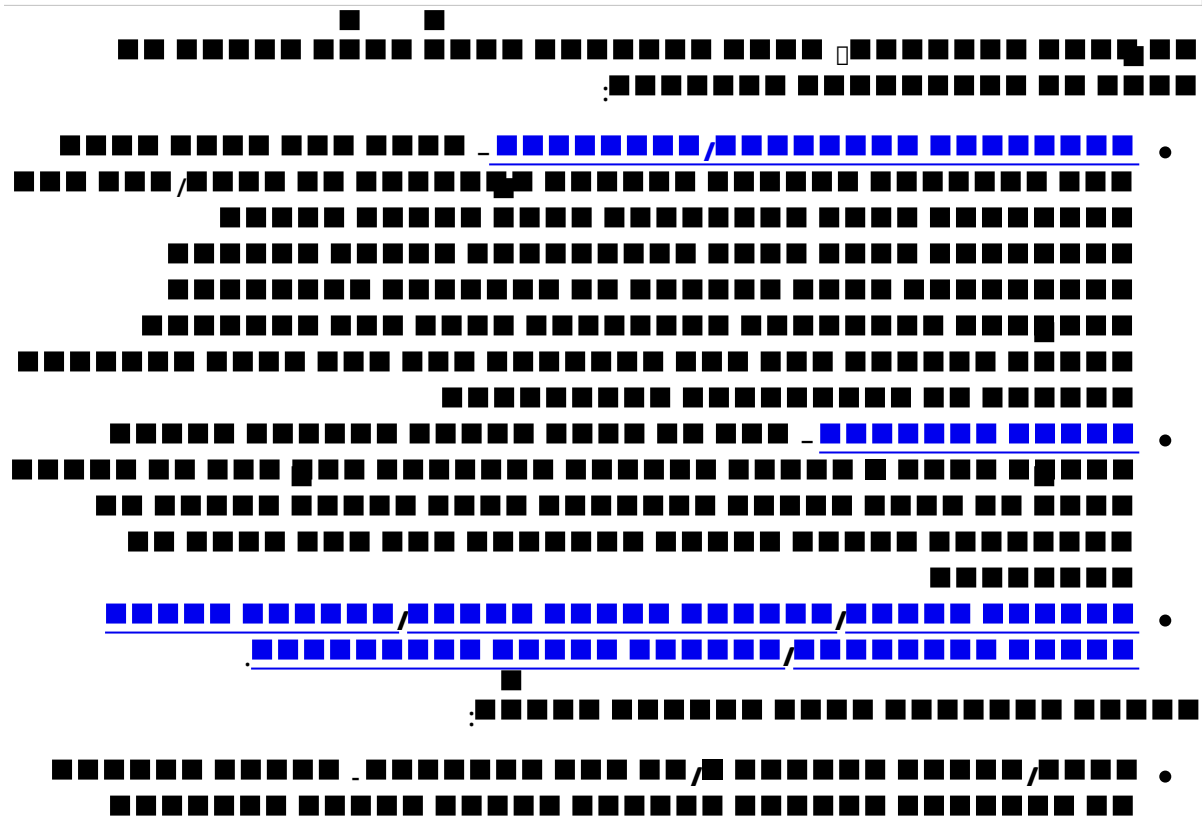
Customs Process Infographic

6. The final step is to receive the goods and services from the shipping company. This involves obtaining a bill of lading and a commercial invoice from the shipping company. The bill of lading is a document that describes the goods and services being shipped, and the commercial invoice is a document that describes the value of the goods and services.

[illegible]

A 20x20 grid of black squares. The grid contains several white squares and a slash mark. The white squares are located at the following coordinates (row, column): (4, 14), (5, 15), (6, 16), (7, 17), (8, 18), (9, 19), (10, 20), (11, 1), (12, 2), (13, 3), (14, 4), (15, 5), (16, 6), (17, 7), (18, 8), (19, 9), (20, 10). The slash mark is located at (11, 19).

A 3x10 grid of black squares. The top row has 8 squares, the middle row has 10 squares, and the bottom row has 6 squares, centered under the middle row.



[illegible]



4. $\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \right) = \frac{1}{2}$

1. $\frac{1}{2}$

[illegible]

0 **1** **2** **3** **4** **5** **6** **7** **8** **9** **A** **B** **C** **D** **E** **F** **G** **H** **I** **J** **K** **L** **M** **N** **O** **P** **Q** **R** **S** **T** **U** **V** **W** **X** **Y** **Z** **[** **** **] ^ _ ` { | } ~ . 7**

A 10x10 grid of black squares. The following positions are white squares: (3,7), (9,1), and (9,8). All other positions are black squares.

[illegible]

[illegible][illegible]

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